

# DÉRIVÉES USUELLES

| <u>Fonction</u>                                 | <u>Dérivée</u>  | <u>Domaine de validité</u>                                     |
|---|---|--|
| $x \mapsto f[u(x)]$                             | $x \mapsto u'(x) f'[u(x)]$  | selon $D_u$ et $D_f$   |
| $x \mapsto x^n \quad (n \in \mathbb{N}^*)$      | $x \mapsto nx^{n-1}$  | $\mathbb{R}$   |
| $x \mapsto \alpha x^2 + \beta x + \gamma$       | $x \mapsto 2\alpha x + \beta$   | $\mathbb{R}$   |
| $x \mapsto x^p \quad (n \in \mathbb{R}^*)$      | $x \mapsto px^{p-1}$  | $] - \infty, 0[ \text{ ou } ]0, +\infty[$                      |
| $x \mapsto [u(x)]^a \quad (a \in \mathbb{R}^*)$ | $x \mapsto a u'(x) [u(x)]^{a-1}$  | selon $D_u$  |
| $x \mapsto \frac{1}{x}$                         | $x \mapsto \frac{-1}{x^2}$  | $] - \infty, 0[ \text{ ou } ]0, +\infty[$                      |
| $x \mapsto \frac{1}{x^n}$                       | $-n \frac{1}{x^{n+1}}$  | $\mathbb{R}$   |
| $x \mapsto \frac{1}{u(x)}$                      | $x \mapsto \frac{-u'(x)}{u(x)^2}$                                       | $\{x \in D_u ; u(x) \neq 0\}$                                  |
| $x \mapsto \sqrt{x}$                            | $x \mapsto \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$   | $]0, +\infty[$   |
| $x \mapsto \sqrt{u(x)}$                         | $x \mapsto \frac{u'(x)}{2\sqrt{u(x)}}$                                  | $\{x \in D_u ; u(x) > 0\}$                                     |
| $x \mapsto \ln x$                               | $x \mapsto \frac{1}{x}$   | $]0, +\infty[$   |
| $x \mapsto \ln u(x)$                            | $x \mapsto \frac{u'(x)}{u(x)}$  | $\{x \in D_u ; u(x) > 0\}$                                     |
| $x \mapsto e^x$                                 | $x \mapsto e^x$   | $\mathbb{R}$   |
| $x \mapsto a^x$                                 | $x \mapsto (\ln a) a^x$   | $\mathbb{R}$   |
| $x \mapsto e^{u(x)}$                            | $x \mapsto u'(x) e^{u(x)}$  | $D_u$  |
| $x \mapsto \sin x$                              | $x \mapsto \cos x = \sin(x + \frac{\pi}{2})$                            | $\mathbb{R}$   |
| $x \mapsto \cos x$                              | $x \mapsto -\sin x = \cos(x + \frac{\pi}{2})$                           | $\mathbb{R}$   |
| $x \mapsto \tan x$                              | $x \mapsto \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} = 1 + \tan^2 x$                           | $\left] \frac{-\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right[ + \pi\mathbb{Z}$ |
| $x \mapsto \arcsin x$                           | $x \mapsto \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$                                      | $] -1, 1[$   |
| $x \mapsto \arccos x$                           | $x \mapsto \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$                                     | $] -1, 1[$   |
| $x \mapsto \arctan x$                           | $x \mapsto \frac{1}{1+x^2}$   | $\mathbb{R}$   |
| $x \mapsto \operatorname{sh} x$                 | $x \mapsto \operatorname{ch} x$   | $\mathbb{R}$   |
| $x \mapsto \operatorname{ch} x$                 | $x \mapsto \operatorname{sh} x$   | $\mathbb{R}$   |
| $x \mapsto \operatorname{th} x$                 | $x \mapsto \frac{1}{\operatorname{ch}^2 x} = 1 - \operatorname{th}^2 x$ | $\mathbb{R}$   |
| $x \mapsto \operatorname{arg sh}$               | $x \mapsto \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$                                      | $\mathbb{R}$   |
| $x \mapsto \operatorname{arg ch}$               | $x \mapsto \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$                                    | $]1, +\infty[$   |
| $x \mapsto \operatorname{arg th}$               | $x \mapsto \frac{1}{1-x^2}$   | $] -1, 1[$   |