

EXERCICE 1

Dans chaque cas, donner la partie réelle et la partie imaginaire de z :

$$z = 6 + 3i$$

$$z = 5i + 2$$

$$z = 5 - i$$

$$z = -7$$

$$z = -2i$$

$$z = i$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(z) =$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(z) =$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(z) =$$

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EXERCICE 2

Donner la forme algébrique des nombres complexes suivants :

$$z_1 = (1 - 4i) + (-3 + 2i)$$

$$z_2 = (-7 - i) + (4 + 3i)$$

$$z_3 = 9i - 5 - (3 - i)$$

EXERCICE 3

Donner la forme algébrique des nombres complexes suivants :

$$z_1 = (1 - 4i) \times (-3 + 2i)$$

$$z_2 = (-7 - i) \times (4 + 3i)$$

$$z_3 = (9i - 5) \times (3 - i)$$

$$z_4 = (2 + 3i)^2$$

$$z_5 = (-7 - i)^2$$

$$z_6 = (2i)^3$$

EXERCICE 4

Calculer le module des complexes suivants :

$$z_1 = (1 - 4i) \times (-3 + 2i)$$

$$z_2 = (-7 - i) \times (4 + 3i)$$

$$z_3 = (9i - 5) \times (3 - i)$$

$$z_4 = (2 + 3i)^2$$

$$z_5 = (-7 - i)^2$$

$$z_6 = (2i)^3$$